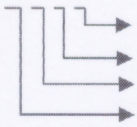


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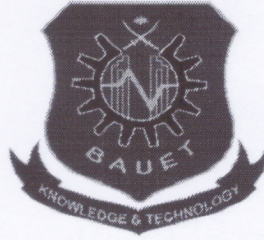


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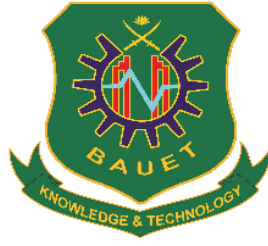
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(EEE 4000: Thesis/Project)

Mohan Sarker

Electrical and Electronic Engineering (EEE)

August 2024

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Course: EEE 4000 (Project/Thesis)

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A/An thesis/project/internship paper/report submitted to the Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Bangladesh Army University of Engineering & Technology (BAUET), Qadirabad, Natore, in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of “Bachelor of Science” in Electrical and Electronic Engineering.

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August 2024

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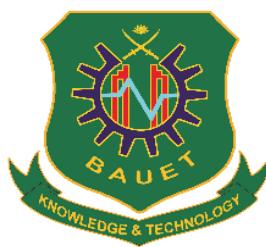
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CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL

A Projection of the Narcissistic Injury in the Death of Ivan Ilyich: A Study

Mohan Sarker

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I hereby declare that my thesis titled *A Projection of the Narcissistic Injury in the Death of Ivan Ilyich: A Study* is the result of my own work and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it contains no material previously published or written by another person.

I also declare that it was not published anywhere in the form of a book or article. The materials from other books, articles, and websites that I have used in my paper are fully acknowledged at the respective places in the text. This thesis/project/internship paper/report cannot be copied without prior permission of the author/s.

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18 T 2 B (optional)

Dedicated
to
My Parents

Acknowledgements

First and foremost, praises and thanks to the almighty, Allah, for His showers of blessings throughout my research work to complete the research successfully.

I would like to express my deep and sincere gratitude to my research supervisor _____, Department of EEE, BAUET, Bangladesh Army University of Engineering and Technology, for providing me with invaluable guidance throughout this research. His dynamism, vision, sincerity and motivation have deeply inspired me. He has taught me the methodology to carry out the research and to present the research work as clearly as possible. It was a great privilege and honour to work and study under his guidance.

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List of Symbols and Abbreviations

List of Symbols:

- V : Voltage
 I : Current
 λ : Wavelength

List of Abbreviations:

- CC : Central canal
DAB : 3,3'-diaminobenzidine
HRP : Horseradish peroxidase
MS222 : Tricaine methanesulfonate
:
:

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Abstract

This paper delves into Leo Tolstoy's classic novella *The Death of Ivan Ilyich* through the lens of narcissistic injury. By employing psychoanalytic theory, particularly the concept of narcissism and its manifestations and implications within the context of Ivan Ilyich's journey. The author Leo Tolstoy highlights the destructive consequences of narcissism on the human psyche through the character of Ivan Ilyich in the novella *The Death of Ivan Ilyich*. Narcissism involves an excessive preoccupation with oneself, accompanied by a lack of empathy for others. This self-centeredness often results to pernicious effects on both the individuals and the person around them. In the case of Ivan Ilyich, his obsession with societal status and relentless pursuit of societal validation blinds him to the deeper meaning of life. His narcissistic injury is manifested in his denial of illness. Ivan starts to reflect on his life as he confronts a mysterious and incurable disease which ultimately leads to his existential crisis and demise. As Ivan's health deteriorates, he grapples with the harsh reality of his mortality. Ivan Ilyich's life unfolds as a case study, illustrating intricate interplay between narcissistic wounds, existential crisis and societal expectations. This paper will explore this and try to show how his existential crisis serves as a catalyst for confronting the true nature of his narcissism. This paper will also point out Ivan Ilyich's narcissistic demeanour and his realization of death from his egoistic world to reality.

Keywords: Narcissism, Human psyche, Societal Validation, Existential Crisis, Mortality, Egoistic World

Introduction

The body of the text should be typed with Times New Roman 12 front size and 1.5 line spacing and paragraph's alignment should be "Justified". Single-spacing is only permitted in tables, long quotations, footnotes, and in the bibliography.

1.1 Background

First topic in each chapter should be numbered with "chapter number". Use Heading 2 or h2 for title and for table of content TOC must be used.

The background of the study is a part of a research provided in the introduction section of the paper. ... In summary, a good background of the study is the work done to determine that your research question or thesis topic is a problem and that the method used is the one required to solve the issue or answer the question.

1.2 Statement of Complex Engineering Problem

Problem statement is a concise description of an issue to be addressed or a condition to be improved upon. It identifies the gap between the current (problem) state and desired (goal) state of a process or product. Focusing on the facts, the problem statement should be designed to address. The first condition of solving a problem is understanding the problem, which can be done by way of a problem statement.

1.3 Motivation

Interest for increasing knowledge motivates people to do research in their own field. Research adds to the existing knowledge in a systematic way. The quest for knowledge is therefore an important motivating factor in social research. Discovering the truth always forces man to undertake research in own society.

1.4 Research Objective

Research objectives describe concisely what the research is trying to achieve. They summarize the accomplishments a researcher wishes to achieve through the project and provides direction to the study. A research objective must be achievable, i.e., it must be framed keeping in mind the available time, infrastructure required for research, and

other resources. Before forming a research objective, you should read about all the developments in your area of research and find gaps in knowledge that need to be addressed. This will help you come up with suitable objectives for your research project.

1.5 Organization of This Thesis

An organizational statement is a map that tells your reader what h/she should expect to read in your essay. It introduces the two or three main pieces of evidence that you will use to support your position. While not required in a thesis, organizational statements can make for stronger thesis statements.

1.5.1 Second Subtitle

For first subtopic in each chapter use Heading 3 or h3 for title and for table of content TOC4 must be used

1.5.1.1 Third Subtitle

For second subtopic in each chapter use Heading 4 or h4 for title and for table of content TOC5 must be used.

(a) Other Subtitles

For other subtopics in each chapter use Heading 5 or h5 for title, and number them with (a),(b),... and for table of content TOC6 must be used.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction

A literature review is a survey of scholarly sources on a specific topic. It provides an overview of current knowledge, allowing you to identify relevant theories, methods, and gaps in the existing research.

Writing a literature review involves finding relevant publications (such as books and journal articles), critically analyzing them, and explaining what you found. There are five key steps:

1. **Search** for relevant literature
2. **Evaluate** sources
3. **Identify** themes, debates and gaps
4. **Outline** the structure
5. **Write** your literature review

A good literature review doesn't just summarize sources – it analyzes, synthesizes, and critically evaluates to give a clear picture of the state of knowledge on the subject.

2.2 Review of Existing Work

Analyze the current *workflow* Your goal here is to figure out how you have been operating so far and what you have been doing wrong. Talk to *your* employees, ask them for their feedback on each process or *workflow* that *your* business follows. Analyze every aspect and document every detail for the upcoming steps.

2.3 Critical Analysis of Existing Work

This means deciding whether you agree or disagree with certain viewpoints, arguments and theories, rather than simply describing them.

2.4 Conclusion

CHAPTER 3

METHODOLOGY/MODELLING/DESIGN

3.1 Introduction

Research methodology is the specific procedures or techniques used to identify, select, process, and analyze information about a topic. In a research report, the methodology section allows the reader to critically evaluate a study's overall validity and reliability.

3.2 Investigation on Different Methods

Step 1: Explain different available methodological approach to solve this problem. Begin by introducing your overall approach to the research.

3.3 Selection of Appropriate Method with Justification

Step 2: Describe your methods of data collection. ...

Step 3: Describe your methods of analysis. ...

Step 4: Evaluate and justify your methodological choices

3.4 Research/Project Management and Finance

Explain your time schedule and financial budget (if any), proposed and actual.

3.5 Design and Development of Solution

3.6 Figure and Table

Figure and table number, caption, and citation of this document will be automatically updated within the body of thesis as well as in the list of figure and table of the table of contain section like chapter and heading. Therefore, using adding or citing figure and table should follow the procedure below.

3.6.1 Figure

Adding figure caption: select the figure → right click on the mouse → select *insert caption* → chose figure from the “Label” → and select position “below selected item” → choose the “numbering” option → tick mark on the “include chapter number” → use separator “period”

Citing the figures in within the text: take your couture where you want to cite the figure → go to “References” button form top → click to “Cross reference” → select figure from “reference type” → select only label and number from “insert reference to” → select the figure you want to cite form the below box.

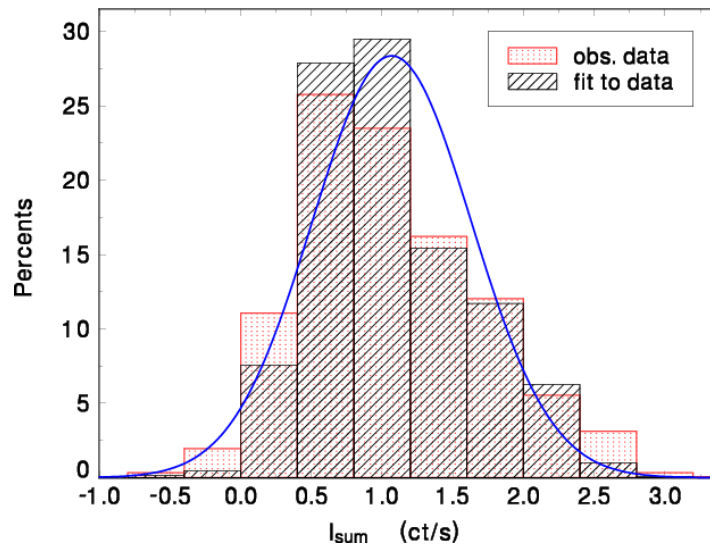


Figure 3.1: Example

Figures should be printed within the body of the text at the center of the frame and labelled according to the chapter in which they appear. Thus, for example, figures in Chapter 3 are numbered sequentially: Figure 3.1, Figure 3.2 etc. Figure should be neat and clean with 300x300 dpi minimum resolution and adequate clear labeling.

3.6.2 Table

The insertion of table caption and citing of table within the body should follow the same procedure of figure except the caption for table is shown on the top of the table.

Tables are printed within the body of the text at the center of the frame and labeled according to the chapter in which they appear. Thus, for example, tables in Chapter 2 are numbered sequentially: Table 2.1, Table 2.2.

The label should be placed above the table itself and has the following format:

Table 3.1: Example

Heading	Heading
Test	Text

3.6.3 Equation

Equation should be typed using Microsoft equation 3.0 from the “Insert”→ “object”→ “Microsoft equation 3.0”. The equation number should be within parentheses, are to position flush right, including the chapter number as in (3.1). To make your equations more compact, you may use single row three column table without border as in:

$$a + b = \gamma \tag{3.1}$$

Note that the equation is centered. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. For citation of equation in paragraph, use “(1)”, not “Eq. (1)” or “equation (1)”, except at the beginning of a sentence: “Equation (1) is . . .”

3.6.4 Citation

When writing a piece of academic work, you must acknowledge any sources which you have used. You do this by including a brief in-text ‘citation’ within the main body of your writing, next to the material you have used. The IEEE style is a numeric style, where citations are numbered [1] in the order of appearance. This citation leads your reader to a full reference to the source in the list of references at the end of your work.

Each citation number should be enclosed in square brackets on the same line as the text, before any punctuation, with a space before the bracket [2]. Once a source has been cited, the same number is re-used for all subsequent citations to the same source.

Here are some examples of IEEE style citation: "... as shown by Brown [4], as previously stated." "The theory was first put forward in 1987 [1]." "For example, see [7]."

"Several recent studies [3, 4, 15, 16] have suggested that..." The example above may also be formatted as: "Several recent studies [3], [4], [15], [16] have suggested that..."

Page numbers are required within citations where material is directly quoted or you refer to a specific part of the source, such as a detail difficult to find. Give page numbers within the square brackets, for example [1, p. 3].

At the end of your work, list full details of all of the sources which you have cited in your text in a section headed **References**, in numeric order.

CHAPTER 4

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

4.1 Introduction

Add necessary sub heading in this section according to your thesis.

Study results normally refer to direct answers to your research questions that you generate from the data. Discussion is about interpreting your study results. When you discuss the study results, you relate your study findings to previous studies; you contextualize the contribution of your study.

Difference between result, discussion and conclusion

Results section is just a presentation of the data in the form of graph or tabular data. There should not be any discussion in the results section (that goes in the discussion section). The results need to be presented in enough detail for someone not familiar with the scientific paper to understand them.

Discussion unrolls the main results, explain their meanings. Put there the new questions and perspectives, describe the most interesting points for the entire field. Define the possible answers, write down why and how and what for, your suggestions.

Conclusion is a summary of the discussion or the whole work. You can put there the main points and results, their factual meaning for the field and a possible further direction. I like to describe this as "discussion's points and facts without the discussion."

CHAPTER 5

CONCLUSION

5.1 Concluding Remarks

A concluding remark is the last sentence of the conclusion in an research. It is called a concluding remark because it sums up the entire purpose of the research in brief. As the name suggests, this remark wraps up the entire research with a period at the end.

5.2 Original Contribution of This Work

The original contribution made by this research work has to be mentioned clearly.

5.3 Recommendation for Further Contribution

To facilitate the assessment and promotion of integrity in the research environment, the committee makes several recommendations, which are presented in the sections that follow. In combination, these recommendations are aimed at efforts to foster integrity in research at the individual and institutional levels and to ensure continuous institutional self-assessment and quality improvement.

REFERENCES

The references should be written consistently in the appropriate format prescribed by the Dept./Programme.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS AND PAPERS PRESENTED (WHERE APPLICABLE)

Published works as well as papers presented at conferences, seminars, symposiums etc pertaining to the research topic of the research report/ dissertation/ thesis are suggested be included in this section. The first page of the article may also be appended as reference.

APPENDICES

Appendices consist of additional illustration of data sources, raw data and quoted citations which are too long to be placed in the text. The appendix supports the written text of the research report/dissertation/thesis. Research instruments such as questionnaires, maps or computer programmes are parts of appendix too.

Appendices can be divided into Appendix A, B, C.

This page is optional; if you do not have any appendices, delete the entire page.